

**Title:**  $L^p$  regularity for linear elliptic operators on  $\mathbb{R}^N$  with constant coefficients

**Abstract:** Contrary to popular belief, the last word on  $L^p$  regularity for linear elliptic problems on  $\mathbb{R}^N$  with constant coefficients was not spoken in the 1960s. For example, if  $\Delta u \in L^p$ , there are a few known side conditions ensuring that all the second order derivatives of  $u$  are in  $L^p$ , but no known necessary and sufficient one, except for the trivial “all the second order derivatives of  $u$  are in  $L^p$ ”.

It turns out that this question, and the analogous one for all the homogeneous (i.e., without lower order terms) Petrowsky-elliptic systems with constant coefficients -including pseudodifferential and even infinite-dimensional ones in UMD spaces- has a complete answer in the form of a simple growth limitation of  $u$  at infinity. Of course, growth is not evaluated pointwise. Interestingly, the correct measure of growth is closely related to conditions that have been used for decades in a multitude of Liouville-type theorems.