

**Math 0120 Homework 12 is due : 08/25/2013 at 08:11pm EDT.**

**Reference:** Berresford, Sections 7.1, 7.2

1. (1 pt) A car rental company charges a one-time application fee of 25 dollars, 60 dollars per day, and 14 cents per mile for its cars.

(a) Write a formula for the cost,  $C$ , of renting a car as a function of the number of days,  $d$ , and the number of miles driven,  $m$ .

$C =$  \_\_\_\_\_

(b) If  $C = f(d, m)$ , then  $f(4, 560) =$  \_\_\_\_\_

2. (1 pt) Consider the concentration,  $C$ , in mg per liter (L), of a drug in the blood as a function of  $x$ , the amount, in mg, of the drug given and  $t$ , the time in hours since the injection. For  $0 \leq x \leq 3$  and  $t \geq 0$ , we have  $C = f(x, t) = te^{-t(4-x)}$ .

Find  $f(1, 2.5)$ : \_\_\_\_\_

(include **units**)

*Be sure you can interpret what your answer means in terms of drug concentration, time and initial amount.*

3. (1 pt) Suppose  $f(x, y) = xy^2 + 6$ . Compute the following values:

$f(2, -5) =$  \_\_\_\_\_  
 $f(-5, 2) =$  \_\_\_\_\_  
 $f(0, 0) =$  \_\_\_\_\_  
 $f(1, -5) =$  \_\_\_\_\_  
 $f(t, 4t) =$  \_\_\_\_\_  
 $f(uv, u - v) =$  \_\_\_\_\_

4. (1 pt) Find the partial derivatives indicated. Assume the variables are restricted to a domain on which the function is defined.

$f(x, y) = x^3 + 4x^2y.$

$f_x(2, 4) =$  \_\_\_\_\_  
 $f_y(2, 4) =$  \_\_\_\_\_

5. (1 pt) Find the partial derivatives indicated. Assume the variables are restricted to a domain on which the function is defined.

$z = (x^3 + x - y)^7.$

$\frac{\partial z}{\partial x} =$  \_\_\_\_\_  
 $\frac{\partial z}{\partial y} =$  \_\_\_\_\_

6. (1 pt) Find the partial derivatives indicated. Assume the variables are restricted to a domain on which the function is defined.

$z = x^6 + 4^y + x^y.$

$z_x =$  \_\_\_\_\_  
 $z_y =$  \_\_\_\_\_

7. (1 pt) Calculate all four second-order partial derivatives and check that  $f_{xy} = f_{yx}$ . Assume the variables are restricted to a domain on which the function is defined.

$f(x, y) = e^{2xy}$

$f_{xx} =$  \_\_\_\_\_  
 $f_{yy} =$  \_\_\_\_\_  
 $f_{xy} =$  \_\_\_\_\_  
 $f_{yx} =$  \_\_\_\_\_

8. (1 pt) In cold weather, we feel colder when the wind blows. This is quantified by the wind chill index  $W$ , which is supposed to predict how cold we will feel for a given air temperature  $T$ , in degrees Fahrenheit, and wind speed  $V$ , in miles/hour. The National Weather Service uses the following formula:

$W = 35.74 + 0.6215T - 35.75V^{0.16} + 0.4275TV^{0.16},$

for  $T \leq 50$  and  $V \geq 3$ .

What is the wind chill index when the air temperature is 0 degrees and the wind speed is 5 miles/hour?

Answer: \_\_\_\_\_

Calculate the partial derivatives  $W_T$  and  $W_V$  when  $T = 0$  and  $V = 5$ .

$W_T =$  \_\_\_\_\_  
 $W_V =$  \_\_\_\_\_

Use your answer above to do the following question: When the air temperature is 0 degrees, estimate the change in the wind chill index if the wind speed increases by 2 miles/hour from 5 miles/hour.

Answer: \_\_\_\_\_