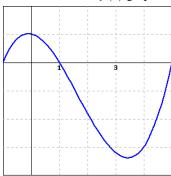
## Math 0120 Homework\_04 is due : 08/29/2012 at 02:08pm EDT.

Reference: Berresford, Sections 2.4, 2.5, 2.6, 2.7

Let 
$$f(x) = \frac{2}{7x+3}$$

$$f'(x) =$$
\_\_\_\_\_

**2.** (1 pt) Consider the function f(x) graphed below.

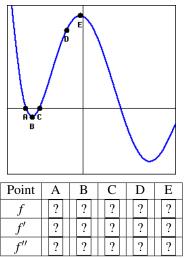


For this function, are the following nonzero quantities positive or negative?

f(4) is ? f'(4) is ? f''(4) is ?

(Because this is a multiple choice problem, it will not show which parts of the problem are correct or incorrect when you submit it.)

3. (1 pt) At exactly two of the labeled points in the figure below, which shows a function f, the derivative f' is zero; the second derivative f'' is not zero at any of the labeled points. Select the correct signs for each of f, f' and f'' at each marked point.



4. (1 pt) Let P(t) represent the price of a share of stock of a corporation at time t. What does each of the following statements tell us about the signs of the first and second derivatives of P(t)?

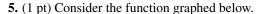
(a) The price of the stock is rising faster and faster.

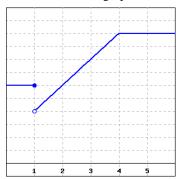
The first derivative of P(t) is ?

The second derivative of P(t) is ?

(b) The price of the stock is just past where it bottomed out. The first derivative of P(t) is ?

The second derivative of P(t) is |?|





At what *x*-values does the function appear to not be continuous? x =\_\_\_\_\_

At what *x*-values does the function appear to not be differentiable? x =\_\_\_\_\_

(Enter **none** if there are no x-values that apply; enter x-values as a comma-separated list, e.g., **1,3,5**.)

**6.** (1 pt) Find the derivative of the function f(x), below. It may be to your advantage to simplify first.

$$f(x) = \frac{5+x}{6+3x+2x^2}$$
$$f'(x) = \frac{7}{7} (1 \text{ pt}) \text{ If } F(3) = \frac{7}{7} (1 \text{ pt}) \text{ If } F(3) = \frac{1}{7} (1 \text{ pt}) (1 \text{ pt})$$

7. (1 pt) If F(3) = 4, F'(3) = 4, H(3) = 3, H'(3) = 3, find:

A. 
$$G'(3)$$
 if  $G(z) = F(z) \cdot H(z)$ :  $G'(3) =$ 

B. 
$$G'(3)$$
 if  $G(w) = F(w)/H(w)$ :  $G'(3) =$ 

8. (1 pt) Find the derivative of

$$f(x) = (x+1)^{74}$$
  
 $f'(x) =$ \_\_\_\_\_

9. (1 pt) Find the derivative of

$$w = (t^3 + 8)^{70}$$
$$\frac{dw}{dt} = \_$$

 $w(r) = \sqrt{r^9 + 3}$ 

$$h(z) = \left(\frac{b}{a+z^2}\right)^2$$

Assume that a and b are constants.

h'(z) =\_\_\_\_\_

12. (1 pt) If

$$f(x) = \frac{7 - x^2}{7 + x^2}$$

find f'(x).

**13.** (1 pt) Let

$$f(x) = \left(-\left(6x^2 + 2\right)\right)^3 \left(4 - 8x^2\right)^{14}$$
$$f'(x) = \_$$

**14.** (1 pt) Differentiate:

$$F(y) = \left(\frac{1}{y^2} - \frac{2}{y^4}\right) (y - 10y^3)$$
$$F'(y) = \underline{\qquad}$$

**15.** (1 pt)

y =\_\_\_\_

Find an equation of the tangent line to the given curve at the specified point:

$$f(x) = \frac{-1x}{x+1}, \quad (1, -0.5)$$

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**16.** (1 pt) Let

$$f(x) = (-9x^2 - 2)\sqrt[3]{9x^2 + 2}$$

f'(x) =\_\_\_\_\_\_

17. (1 pt) Suppose the number of CD players a retail chain is willing to sell per week at a price of p dollars is given by the function

$$S(p) = \frac{90p}{0.2p+4}.$$

Find the supply and the instantaneous rate of change of the supply with respect to price when the price is 40 dollars.

S(40) =\_\_\_\_\_ players S'(40) =\_\_\_\_\_ players/dollar

Use your previous answers to estimate the increase in supply if the price rises from 40 to 50 dollars. Round your answer to the nearest integer.

Supply increase  $\approx$  \_\_\_\_\_ players

18. (1 pt) Bob sells tires. He knows that his weekly sales drop if he increases the unit price p (in dollars). The weekly sales are given by an unknown function N(p). His weekly revenue is

$$R(p) = pN(p).$$

Bob is currently selling tires for 55 dollars each. His weekly sales are running at 110 tires per week, so

$$N(55) = 110.$$

His marketing department estimates that he will lose 2 sales per week for each 10 dollar increase in unit price, so

$$N'(55) = -0.2.$$

Estimate Bob's increase in weekly revenue for each one dollar increase in tire price.

Revenue increase = \_\_\_\_\_ dollars