

**Math 0120 Homework\_03 is due : 08/29/2012 at 02:07pm EDT.**

**Reference:** Berresford, Sections 2.1, 2.2, 2.3

1. (1 pt) If

$$f(t) = \frac{\sqrt{7}}{t^7},$$

find  $f'(t)$ .

Find  $f'(5)$ .

2. (1 pt) If

$$f(x) = \frac{5x^2 + 6x + 6}{\sqrt{x}},$$

find  $f'(x)$ .

Find  $f'(1)$ .

3. (1 pt) If  $f(x) = \sqrt{13x}$ , find  $f'(x)$ .

Find  $f'(3)$ .

4. (1 pt) The total cost (in dollars) of producing  $x$  coffee machines is

$$C(x) = 1600 + 70x - 0.9x^2.$$

(A) Find the exact cost of producing the 21st machine.

Exact cost of 21st machine = \_\_\_\_\_

(B) Use marginal cost to approximate the cost of producing the 21st machine.

Approx. cost of 21st machine = \_\_\_\_\_

5. (1 pt) If

$$f(x) = \frac{3x^3 - 2}{x^4}$$

find  $f'(x)$ .

Find  $f'(4)$ .

6. (1 pt) Let  $f(x) = 9x + 28/x^2$ . Then the equation of the tangent line to the graph of  $f(x)$  at the point  $(2, 25)$  is given by  $y = mx + b$  for

$m =$  \_\_\_\_\_

and

$b =$  \_\_\_\_\_.

7. (1 pt)

Differentiate the following function:

$$f(x) = -9\pi^2$$

$f'(x) =$  \_\_\_\_\_

8. (1 pt)

Find the equation of the tangent line to the curve  $y = x\sqrt{x}$  at the point  $(9, 27)$ .

$y =$  \_\_\_\_\_

9. (1 pt)

(a) A company makes computer chips from square wafers of silicon. It wants to keep the side length of a wafer very close to 15 mm, and it wants to know how the area  $A(x)$  of a wafer changes when the side length  $x$  changes.

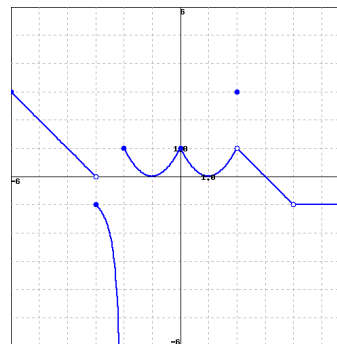
Find  $A'(15)$ . [Can you explain its meaning in this situation?]

(b) What is the rate of change of the area of the square with respect to its side length when the perimeter is 20 mm?

(a)  $A'(15) =$  \_\_\_\_\_ sq mm/mm

(b)  $A'(? ) =$  \_\_\_\_\_ sq mm/mm

10. (1 pt) Use the given graph of the function to find the  $x$ -values for which  $f$  is discontinuous.



Answer (separate by commas):  $x =$  \_\_\_\_\_

**Note:** You can click on the graph to enlarge the image.

11. (1 pt) Evaluate the limit

$$\lim_{y \rightarrow 64} \frac{64 - y}{8 - \sqrt{y}} = \text{_____}$$

**12.** (1 pt) A projectile is launched straight up from a height of 1152 feet with an initial velocity of 96 ft/sec. Its height at time  $t$  is

$$h(t) = -16t^2 + 96t + 1152.$$

Answer the following questions, including **units** in each answer.

At what time does it reach its maximum height? \_\_\_\_\_

Hint: Its velocity is zero at its maximum height.

How high will it go? \_\_\_\_\_

What is its velocity at the instant it reaches the ground? \_\_\_\_\_

**13.** (1 pt) The population  $p$  of a small town, in thousands, is given by

$$p = 8 \cdot 1.07^t$$

where  $t$  is time measured in years. Use a calculator or computer to estimate the derivative  $p'(7)$ .

$p'(7) =$  \_\_\_\_\_

This means that after 7 years the population is  at a rate of \_\_\_\_\_ people per year.