

MATH 0240 - Analytic Geometry and Calculus III

FINAL EXAMINATION

FALL 2011

INSTRUCTIONS:

1. NO TABLES, BOOKS, NOTES, HEADPHONES, CALCULATORS, OR COMPUTERS MAY BE USED.
2. Show ALL of your Work on the Exam itself.

1. _____(10) 2. _____(10) 3. _____(10) 4. _____(10) 5. _____(10)

6. _____(10) 7. _____(10) 8. _____(10) 9. _____(10) 10. _____(10)

TOTAL: _____(100)

1. (a) (5 points) Find the unit tangent and unit normal vectors \mathbf{T} and \mathbf{N} to the curve

$$\mathbf{r}(t) = \langle 3 \cos t, 4t, 3 \sin t \rangle$$

at the point $P = \left(-\frac{3}{\sqrt{2}}, 3\pi, \frac{3}{\sqrt{2}} \right)$.

- (b) (5 points) Find curvature of the curve at the point P .
2. (10 points) Use LINEAR approximation to approximate the number $\sqrt{3.04 + e^{-0.08}}$.
3. (10 points) Find all critical points of the function $f(x, y) = 4x - 3x^3 - 2xy^2$. For each critical point determine if it is a local maximum, local minimum or a saddle point.
4. (10 points) Find the volume of the solid E bounded by $y = x^2$, $x = y^2$, $z = x + y + 5$, and $z = 0$.
5. (10 points) Find the y coordinate of the center of mass of a lamina that occupies the region bounded by $y^2 = x + 4$, $x = 0$, and $y \geq 0$ and has density $\rho(x, y) = y$. Simplify your answer as much as possible.
6. (10 points) Evaluate the integral

$$\iint_R e^{x-2y} dA$$

where R is the parallelogram $ABCD$ with vertices $A = (0, 0)$, $B = (4, 1)$, $C = (7, 4)$, and $D = (3, 3)$ using the transformation $x = 4u + 3v$ and $y = u + 3v$. Simplify your answer as much as possible.

7. (10 points) Evaluate the line integral

$$\oint_C e^{2x+y} dx + e^{-y} dy$$

along the **negatively** oriented closed curve C , where C is the boundary of the triangle with the vertices $(0, 0)$, $(0, 1)$, and $(1, 0)$.

8. (10 points) Evaluate the integral

$$\iint_S (10 - 2z) dS,$$

where S is the part of the surface $z = 5 - \frac{x^2}{2} - \frac{y^2}{2}$ inside the cylinder $x^2 + y^2 = 1$.

9. (10 points) Evaluate the line integral

$$\oint_C \mathbf{F} \cdot d\mathbf{r}$$

for the vector field $\mathbf{F}(x, y, z) = -y\mathbf{i} + x\mathbf{j} - z\mathbf{k}$, where the closed curve C is the boundary of the triangle with vertices $(0, 0, 5)$, $(2, 0, 1)$, and $(0, 3, 2)$ traced in this order.

10. (10 points) Evaluate the flux of $\mathbf{F}(x, y, z) = z^2y\mathbf{i} + x^2y\mathbf{j} + (x + y)\mathbf{k}$ over S , where S is the closed surface consisting of the coordinate planes and the part of the sphere $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = 4$ in the first octant $x \geq 0$, $y \geq 0$, $z \geq 0$, with the normal pointing outward.