

## Linear Algebra Preliminary Exam

April 2014

**Problem 1** (12 points) Let  $X$  be a finite dimensional linear space and  $T \in L(X, X)$ . Suppose

$$\dim(R_{T^2}) = \dim(R_T),$$

show that

$$R_T \cap N_T = \{0\}.$$

Here  $R_T$  is the range of  $T$  and  $N_T$  is the null space of  $T$ .

**Problem 2** (12 points) Let

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 & -1 \\ -1 & 0 & -2 \\ 1 & 2 & 0 \end{pmatrix}.$$

Calculate

$$A^{2014}.$$

**Problem 3** (12 points) Let  $A, B$  be  $n \times n$  complex matrices and  $A > 0$ . If there exists a  $k \in \mathbb{N}$  such that  $A^k B = B A^k$ , prove that  $AB = BA$ .

**Problem 4** (12 points) Let  $A$  be a Hermitian matrix and  $B = \operatorname{Re} A$ , the real part of  $A$ . Show that

$$\max_{\mu \in \sigma(B)} \mu \leq \max_{\lambda \in \sigma(A)} \lambda.$$

Here  $\sigma(A), \sigma(B)$  are the spectrums of  $A, B$  respectively.

**Problem 5** (12 points) Let  $A, B : \mathbb{C}^n \rightarrow \mathbb{C}^n$  be two orthogonal projections satisfying for any  $x \in \mathbb{C}^n$ ,

$$\|Ax\|^2 + \|Bx\|^2 = \|x\|^2.$$

Show that

$$A + B = I.$$

**Problem 6** (12 points) Let  $A = (a_{ij})$  be an  $n \times n$  real matrix satisfying the following diagonally dominant condition

$$|a_{ii}| > \sum_{j \neq i} |a_{ij}|, \quad \text{for all } i = 1, 2, \dots, n.$$

Prove that  $A$  is invertible.